

# CIS341 Midterm 2022 Appendices

(Do not write answers in the appendices. They will not be graded)

## Appendix A: Interpreter Code

```
1  type var = string
2
3  type exp =
4    | Var of var
5    | Imm of int
6    | Add of exp * exp
7    | Mul of exp * exp
8
9  type cmd =
10   | Skip
11   | Assn of var * exp
12   | Seq of cmd * cmd
13   | IfNZ of exp * cmd * cmd
14   | WhileNZ of exp * cmd
15   | For of var * exp * cmd      (* ← This is the new construct *)
16
17  type state = (var * int) list
18
19  let set (s:state) (x:var) (v:int) =
20    (x,v)::s
21
22  let rec get (s:state) (x:var) : int =
23    begin match s with
24      | [] -> 0      (* uninitialized variables are 0 *)
25      | (y,v)::rest -> if x = y then v else get rest x
26    end
27
28  let rec interp_exp (e:exp) (s:state) : int =
29    begin match e with
30      | Var x -> get s x
31      | Imm v -> v
32      | Add(e1, e2) -> (interp_exp e1 s) + (interp_exp e2 s)
33      | Mul(e1, e2) -> (interp_exp e1 s) * (interp_exp e2 s)
34    end
```

```

35 let rec interp_cmd (c:cmd) (s:state) : state =
36   begin match c with
37     | Skip -> s
38
39     | Assn(x, e)  -> set s x (interp_exp e s)
40
41     | Seq(c1, c2) -> interp_cmd c2 (interp_cmd c1 s)
42
43     | IfNZ(e, c1, c2) ->
44       interp_cmd (if (interp_exp e s) <> 0 then c1 else c2) s
45
46     | WhileNZ(e, c) ->
47       interp_cmd (IfNZ(e, Seq(c, WhileNZ(e, c)), Skip)) s
48
49     | For(x, e, c) ->
50       let s0 = set s x 0 in
51       let rec loop s =
52         let e = interp_exp e s in
53         let v = get s x in
54         if v = e then s else
55           let s' = interp_cmd c s in
56           let v' = get s' x in
57           loop (set s' x (v'+1))
58       in
59       loop s0
60   end
61
62   (* The cmd [factorial_for] computes factorial of 6 using a for loop
63     (and the available SIMPLE arithmetic instructions): *)
64
65   let factorial_for : cmd =
66     let x = "x" in
67     let ans = "ans" in
68     Seq(Assn(x, Imm 6),
69         Seq(Assn(ans, Imm 1),
70             For("y", Var x,
71                 Assn(ans, Mul(Var ans, (Add(Var x, Mul(Var "y", Imm(-1))))))))))

```

## Appendix B: Lexer Code

```
1 {
2 open Lexing
3 type token = | Int      of int64 | Ident  of string | LPAREN
4              | LPARENSTAR | STARRPAREN | IF
5 let print_token t =
6   begin match t with
7     | Int x   -> (Printf.printf "Int %Ld\n%" x)
8     | Ident s -> (Printf.printf "Ident %s\n%" s)
9     | IF      -> (Printf.printf "IF\n%!")
10    | LPAREN  -> (Printf.printf "LPAREN\n%!")
11    | LPARENSTAR -> (Printf.printf "LPARENSTAR\n%!")
12    | STARRPAREN -> (Printf.printf "STARRPAREN\n%!")
13  end
14 let acc = ref []
15 let emit t = acc := t::(!acc)
16 exception Lex_error of char
17 }
18
19 let character = ['a'-'z''A'-'Z']
20 let digit = ['0'-'9']
21 let underscore = ['_']
22 let whitespace = [' ' '\t' '\n' '\r']
23 let identifier = character (character|digit|underscore)*
24
25 rule lex = parse
26 | "if"           { emit IF; lex lexbuf }
27 | identifier     { emit (Ident (lexeme lexbuf)); lex lexbuf }
28 | '('           { emit LPAREN; lex lexbuf }
29 | "(*"         { emit LPARENSTAR; lex lexbuf }
30 | "*"          { emit STARRPAREN; lex lexbuf }
31 | whitespace+  { lex lexbuf }
32 | digit+       { emit (Int (Int64.of_string (lexeme lexbuf))); lex lexbuf }
33 | eof          { List.rev (!acc) }
34 | _ as c       { raise (Lex_error c) }
35
36 {
37 let _ =
38   try
39     List.iter print_token (lex (from_channel stdin))
40   with
41     | Lex_error c -> Printf.printf "Char %s is unexpected.\n" (Char.escaped c)
42 }
```